Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2016 and 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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<u>Opinion</u>

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance),* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2016, on our consideration of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



San Juan, Puerto Rico November 7, 2016

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Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
A	ssets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,510,928	\$ 10,226,510
Restricted cash	424,728	1,303,456
Accounts receivables, net	2,504,998	1,415,320
Due from affiliates	20,814	78,341
Prepaid expenses and other assets	567,310	658,559
Investments	18,973,821	15,163,526
Investments, restricted	643,894	706,234
Property and equipment, net	19,293,803	18,615,351
Total assets	49,940,296	48,167,297
Liabilities a	nd Net Assets	
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	1,302,720	1,068,192
Accrued expenses	2,726,541	1,920,694
Deferred revenues	2,127,533	2,307,109
Derivative financial instrument	1,402,639	1,389,881
Obligations under capital leases	33,908	49,264
Long term-debt	8,525,000	9,125,000
Total liabilities	16,118,341	15,860,140
Net assets:		
Unrestricted	29,413,853	28,188,790
Temporarily restricted	4,408,102	4,118,367
Total net assets	33,821,955	32,307,157
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 49,940,296	\$ 48,167,297

See notes to financial statements

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenues, gains and other support:			
Tuition and fees	\$ 25,126,410	\$ -	\$ 25,126,410
Less scholarships	(745,285)		(745,285)
Net tuition and fees	24,381,125	-	24,381,125
Contributions and contracts	73,992	41,250	115,242
Private gifts and grants	1,092,405	1,061,614	2,154,019
Other sources	771,972	2,000	773,972
Contributed services	277,194	-	277,194
Net assets released from restrictions	864,288	(864,288)	
Total revenues, gains and other support	27,460,976	240,576	27,701,552
Educational and general expenses:			
Instruction	8,569,285	-	8,569,285
Research	340,321	-	340,321
Public services	3,350,462	-	3,350,462
Academic support	3,401,901	-	3,401,901
Student services	2,233,526	-	2,233,526
Institutional support	8,293,676	-	8,293,676
Contributed services	277,194		277,194
Bad debts expense	183,902	-	183,902
Depreciation expense	819,880		819,880
Total educational and general expenses	27,470,147		27,470,147
Income (loss) before non-operating income (expenses)	(9,171)	240,576	231,405
Non-operating income (expenses):			
Unrealized loss on fair value of derivative			
financial instrument	(12,758)	-	(12,758)
Interest and dividend income	894,869	49,159	944,028
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	226,849	-	226,849
Rental income, net	1,236,265	-	1,236,265
Provision for claim losses and related expenses	(684,578)	-	(684,578)
Interest expense	(426,413)		(426,413)
Total non-operating income net	1,234,234	49,159	1,283,393
Change in net assets	1,225,063	289,735	1,514,798
Net assets, beginning of year	28,188,790	4,118,367	32,307,157
Net assets, end of year	\$ 29,413,853	\$ 4,408,102	\$ 33,821,955

(Continues)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenues, gains and other support:	¢ 01 005 000	¢	¢ 01.005.000
Tuition and fees	\$ 21,885,882	\$ -	\$ 21,885,882
Less scholarships	(531,905)		(531,905)
Net tuition and fees	21,353,977	-	21,353,977
Contributions and contracts	228,375	-	228,375
Private gifts and grants	-	998,974	998,974
Other sources	354,257	82,313	436,570
Net assets released from restrictions	674,078	(674,078)	
Total revenues, gains and other support	22,610,687	407,209	23,017,896
Educational and general expenses:			
Instruction	7,913,664	-	7,913,664
Research	229,382	-	229,382
Public services	681,846	-	681,846
Academic support	3,187,685	-	3,187,685
Student services	2,052,432	-	2,052,432
Institutional support	7,189,581	-	7,189,581
Bad debts expense	211,953	-	211,953
Depreciation expense	785,845		785,845
Total educational and general expenses	22,252,388		22,252,388
Income before non-operating income (expenses)	358,299	407,209	765,508
Non-operating income (expenses):			
Unrealized gain on fair value of derivative			
financial instrument	156,997	-	156,997
Interest and dividend income	1,010,924	58,794	1,069,718
Net realized and unrealized loss on investments	(2,412,009)	(159,714)	(2,571,723)
Rental income, net	1,162,005	()	1,162,005
Provision for claim lossses and related expenses	(457,885)	-	(457,885)
Interest expense	(446,340)	-	(446,340)
	<u>_</u>		;
Total non-operating expenses, net	(986,308)	(100,920)	(1,087,228)
Change in net assets	(628,009)	306,289	(321,720)
Net assets, beginning of year	28,816,799	3,812,078	32,628,877
Net assets, end of year	\$ 28,188,790	\$ 4,118,367	\$ 32,307,157

See notes to financial statements

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Change in net assets	\$ 1,514,798	\$ (321,720)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	819,880	785,845
Provision for bad debts	183,902	211,953
Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(226,849)	2,571,723
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative financial instrument	12,758	(156,997)
Provision for legal contingencies	195,000	457,885
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,273,580)	(410,545)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	91,249	57,981
Due from affiliates	57,527	100,685
Accounts payable	234,528	(75,342)
Accrued expenses	610,847	308,583
Deferred revenues	(179,576)	494,242
Total adjustments	525,686	4,346,013
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,040,484	4,024,293
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net decrease (increase) in restricted cash	878,728	(769,950)
Acquisition of property and equipment	(1,498,332)	(1,677,115)
Purchases of investments	(4,221,756)	(513,667)
Proceeds from sale and redemtion of investments	700,650	2,132,031
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,140,710)	(828,701)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments of long-term debt	(600,000)	(475,000)
Payments of obligations under capital lease	(15,356)	(15,857)
Net cash used in financing activities	(615,356)	(490,857)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,715,582)	2,704,735
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,226,510	7,521,775
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 7,510,928</u>	\$ 10,226,510
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for interest	<u>\$ 426,413</u>	<u>\$ 446,340</u>

See notes to financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 1- <u>Nature of business</u>

Organization

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. (the University) is a not-for-profit institution incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The University offers PhD, master and bachelor degrees, which include among others, psychology, and speech and language therapy. The University operates two campuses located in San Juan, Puerto Rico and Miami, Florida, respectively, and a Learning Center in Mayaguez, Puerto Rico.

Note 2 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u>

Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Board, Accounting Standard Codification (ASC) No. 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*, which requires that all not-for-profit organizations provide a statement of financial position, a statement of activities and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows. It also requires presentation of net assets in the statement of financial position based on the existence of donor-imposed restrictions, as permanently restricted, temporarily restricted, and unrestricted, and that the change of the amounts in each of those classifications be presented in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Accordingly, the net assets of the University are classified and reported as follows:

- Permanently restricted Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations to be maintained permanently by the University to use all or part of the income earned on related assets for general or specific purposes.
- Temporarily restricted Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that might or will be met with either by actions of the University and/or the passage of time.
- Unrestricted Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless the use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets, unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 2 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)</u>

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Restricted cash

Restricted cash consists of the undisbursed balance of federal and state grants with donor imposed stipulations. These balances are restricted until the applicable contractual provisions are satisfied.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing receivables that may become uncollectible based on evaluations of the collectability, aging of the receivables, prior credit loss experience and other relevant factors. Because of uncertainties inherent in the estimation process, management's estimate of credit losses in the outstanding receivables and the related allowance may change as a result of future developments. Accounts receivable write-offs and recoveries are charged to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Investments

The University accounts for its investments under the provisions of ASC No. 958-320, *Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at fair value with gains and losses included in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 2 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)</u>

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost, or if donated, at fair value when received. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the depreciable assets, ranging from 3 to 39 years. Equipment under capital leases is amortized over the estimated useful life of the respective assets or lease term, whichever is shorter.

Maintenance and repairs, if any, are charged to operations as incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Construction in progress is carried in a temporary account until the related project is completed, at which time, a transfer is made to the corresponding property and equipment account.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The University periodically reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may be not recoverable. No impairment charges were recorded during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Derivative financial instruments

The University has entered into an interest rate swap agreement to manage its interest rate exposure. Interest rate swap contracts generally involve the exchange of fixed and floating rate interest payment obligations without the exchange of the underlying principal. Entering into interest-rate swap contracts involves not only the risk of dealing with counterparties and their ability to meet the terms of the contracts, but also the interest rate risk associated with unmatched positions.

The University accounts its derivative instrument pursuant to ASC No. 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. ASC 815 establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. ASC 815 also requires that all derivative instruments be recognized as assets and liabilities at fair value.

The University's interest rate swap agreement has not been designated as a hedging instrument, accordingly, the changes in fair value of the derivative financial instrument are recorded in earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 2 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)</u>

Income taxes

The University is exempt from the payment of income taxes and other state and municipal taxes under the provisions of the Puerto Rico Income Tax Code. The University is also exempt from federal income taxes under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.

Tuition and fees

Student tuition and fees are presented net of scholarships and fellowships applied to students' accounts. Stipends and other payments made directly to students are presented as scholarships and fellowship expenses.

Government grants, contracts revenues and deferred revenues

Revenues from United States government and Commonwealth of Puerto Rico grants and contracts are recognized as revenue as it is earned through expenditures in accordance with the grant agreements. Funds received for student financial assistance (principally Pell Grant and Direct Loans) that are awarded directly to students are excluded from revenues and expenses. Unexpended grants and contracts received, if any, are recognized as deferred revenues until realization. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, there were undistributed loans and other program funds amounting to \$11,183 and \$1,191,220, respectively, which are included as part of restricted cash in the accompanying statements of financial position.

<u>Advertising</u>

The University expenses the costs of all advertising campaigns and promotions as these are incurred. During the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the advertising expense amounted to approximately \$1,212,100 and \$1,106,000, respectively.

Contributed services

The University accounts for contributed services pursuant to FASB ASC No. 958-605, *Not-for-Profit Entities-Revenue Recognition*, which requires that contributions of services be recognized if the services received either: create or enhance a nonfinancial asset or; they require specialized skills, provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. Contributed services are reported as revenue and expenses in the period received.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 2 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)</u>

Functional expenses allocation

Expenses are reported in the statement of activities and changes in net assets in categories recommended by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). The University's primary program services are instruction and public service. Expenses reported as academic support and student services are incurred in support of the University's primary program. Institutional support mainly includes management and general expenses. Certain expenses, such as operation and maintenance of facilities, depreciation and interest costs, which are related to more than one category, are allocated among the appropriate categories based primarily on equipment usage and building square footage.

Note 3 - <u>Accounts receivable</u>

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	2016	2015
Students	\$ 1,767,660	\$ 1,386,282
Grants receivable	179,179	170,007
Contract receivable	758,294	-
Other receivables	240,206	340,441
	2,945,339	1,896,730
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	440,341	481,410
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 2,504,998	\$ 1,415,320

During the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the University accounted for \$265,838 and \$152,092, respectively, for accounts written-off. Also, during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the University accounted for recoveries of bad debts written-off in prior years amounting to \$40,867 and nil, respectively.

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Notes to the Financial Statements – (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 4 - <u>Investments</u>

Investments at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	Fair Market				L	Inrealized
	Value		ue Cost (C	Gain (Loss)
	<i>•</i>	0 - 0 - 1 - 0	¢		¢	(0. 0 0)
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$	373,119	\$	303,723	\$	69,396
Corporate bonds		4,053,061		3,837,575		215,486
Mutual funds		2,665,808		3,685,088		(1,019,280)
Municipal bonds		8,964,782	1	12,684,794		(3,720,012)
Asset backed securities		389,375		366,903		22,472
Exchange-traded funds		1,807,203		1,802,909		4,294
Money market		720,473		720,473		_
Total	<u>\$</u> 1	18,973,821	\$ 2	23,401,465	\$	(4,427,644)

Investments at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	Fair Market Value	t Unrealiz Cost Gain (Lo		
U.S. Government and agency obligations	\$ 437,717	\$ 404,021	\$ 33,696	
Corporate bonds	4,342,545	4,134,703	207,842	
Mutual funds	2,687,861	3,585,086	(897,225)	
Municipal bonds	6,801,740	10,804,435	(4,002,695)	
Asset backed securities	379,750	366,903	12,847	
Money market	513,913	513,913		
Total	\$ 15,163,526	\$ 19,809,061	<u>\$ (4,645,535)</u>	

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Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 4 - <u>Investments – (continued)</u>

Restricted investments at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	Fair Market Value				Unrealiz Gain (Lo	
Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Asset backed securities	\$	243,394 399,139 1,361	\$ 228,177 667,298 1,240	\$	15,217 (268,159) 121	
Total	\$	643,894	\$ 896,715	\$	(252,821)	

Restricted investments at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	Fa	ir Market Value	 Cost	-	nrealized ain (Loss)
Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Asset backed securities	\$	326,363 377,635 2,236	\$ 309,183 667,176 2,100	\$	17,180 (289,541) 136
Total	<u>\$</u>	706,234	\$ 978,459	\$	(272,225)

Investment return

Investment income (loss) for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, consists of the following:

	2016		 2015
Interest and dividends Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$	944,028 226,849	\$ 1,069,718 (2,571,723)
Investment gain (loss), net	\$	1,170,877	\$ (1,502,005)

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 5 - <u>Property and equipment</u>

Property and equipment at June 30, 2016 and 2015 consist of the following:

	2016	2015
Land	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 7,200,000
Building and improvements	10,043,939	9,364,785
Equipment Furniture and fixtures	2,753,279 399,580	2,464,827 393,665
Library books	463,630	361,303
Vehicles Software	210,231 1,749,645	210,231 1,742,144
Total	22,820,304	21,736,955
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(9,150,494)	(8,330,615)
	13,669,810	13,406,340
Construction in progress	5,623,993	5,209,011
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 19,293,803</u>	<u>\$ 18,615,351</u>

The University is currently undergoing certain construction and improvement projects. As a part of such projects, the University has entered into certain agreements with various independent contractors which had remaining commitments of approximately \$1,700,000 at June 30, 2016.

Note 6 - Long-term debt

Long-term debt of \$8,525,000 and \$9,125,000 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, consists of a mortgage loan, due on January 31, 2018 to a financial institution, payable in variable monthly installments, including principal and interest, plus a final installment for the remaining outstanding principal. Interest is due monthly at the applicable LIBOR (1-month) rate, plus 1.10% (1.57% and 1.28% at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively). The loan is collateralized by the land and building of the Miami campus. Borrowings under the mortgage loan payable are subject to an interest rate swap agreement (see Note 7).

Under the terms of the loan, the University is required to comply with certain financial and restrictive covenants, including maintaining a debt service coverage ratio of 1.30 to 1.0 and a liquidity to debt ratio of .30 to 1.0. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the University was in compliance with such covenants.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 6 - Long-term debt – (continued)

Future annual maturities under the mortgage loan at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2017 2018	\$ 650,000 7,875,000
Total	\$ 8,525,000

Note 7 - Derivative financial instrument

On September 11, 2000, the University entered into a variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreement to manage its exposure to changes in variable interest rates related to its mortgage loan payable. Such interest rate swap agreement was not designated as a hedging instrument, accordingly, changes in its fair value are recorded in earnings. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement liability increased (decreased) by \$12,758 and (\$156,997), respectively, during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

The University's interest-rate swap agreement outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

Year ending:	Notional Amount	Fixed Rate	Variable Rate	Maturity Date	 Fair Value
June 30, 2016	\$ 5,900,000	5.12%	LIBOR + 1.10%	December 1, 2025	\$ (1,402,639)
June 30, 2015	\$ 6,300,000	5.12%	LIBOR + 1.10%	December 1, 2025	\$ (1,389,881)

The fair value of the interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 is presented as a liability from derivative financial instrument in the accompanying statement of financial position.

Interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, include interest from this swap agreement amounting to approximately \$312,000 and \$323,000, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 8 - <u>Rental income</u>

The University leases a portion of the Miami campus facilities to an unrelated third party under operating lease agreement, expiring on July 30, 2020.

Future minimum rentals under this operating lease as of June 30, 2016 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	 Amount	
2017	\$	1,605,000
2018		1,605,000
2019		1,605,000
2020		1,605,000
2021		133,750
	<u>_</u>	
Total	\$	6,553,750

Rental income for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to \$1,627,414 and \$1,471,246, respectively.

Note 9 - <u>Related party transactions</u>

The University is affiliated with Clínica de Salud Mental de la Comunidad, Inc. (the Clinic), a notfor-profit organization that provides health care services to the community. The University has significant transactions with the Clinic at terms and conditions arranged by management of the affiliated group. Effective October 1, 2015, the University entered into a contract, which was previously managed by the Clinic, with the Department of Family of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (DFPR).

Due from affiliates at June 30, 2016 and 2015 results mainly from payments made by the University on behalf of the Clinic. Amounts due from/to affiliates are non-interest bearing and have no formal repayment terms, however, they are expected to be settled in the normal course of business.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 10 - <u>Temporarily restricted net assets</u>

Temporarily restricted net assets consist mainly of federal grants received from the U.S. Department of Education (USDE) under the Title V program, Endowment Challenge Grant, together with the income earned on the grants' amount. The University matches these grants dollar for dollar. The federal grants and the University's contribution constitute the Endowment Fund Corpus. The University must invest and shall not expend the Endowment Fund Corpus for a period of 20 years. Afterwards, the Endowment Fund Corpus can be used for any educational purpose.

Note 11 – Fair value of financial instruments

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1 Values are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets accessible at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices from those willing to trade in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by market data for the term of the instrument.
- Level 3 Certain inputs are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the Organization's best estimate of what hypothetical market participants would use to determine a transaction price for the asset or liability at the reporting date.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 11 – Fair value of financial instruments – (continued)

U.S. Government and agency obligations, municipal bonds and asset backed securities — Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. Examples of inputs that are commonly relevant for valuing particular classes of fixed-income securities, include prepayment speeds, actual pool, and collateral information for mortgage-backed securities and standard inputs and treasury curves and spreads for U.S. government securities. These investments are classified as Level 2.

Corporate bonds — Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flows approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks or a broker quote, if available. These investments are classified as Level 2.

Exchange-traded funds (*ETF*) – Valued at daily closing price as reported by the fund. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. These investments are classified as Level 1.

Mutual funds — Mutual funds classified as Level 1 are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. These funds are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These mutual funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price.

Level 2 mutual funds are valued based on NAV quotes provided by the broker-dealers and the market makers for these funds.

Money market funds — Valued at cost, plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. Money market funds are classified as Level 2.

Interest rate swap contracts — The fair value of the University's interest rate swap agreement is determined using market observable inputs, including interest rate curves and widely published market observable indexes. Interest rate swap agreements are classified as Level 2.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 11 – Fair value of financial instruments – (continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the University's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively:

<u>2016</u>

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. Government and agencies					
obligations	\$-	\$ 373,119	\$-	\$ 373,119	
Corporate bonds	-	4,296,455	-	4,296,455	
Mutual funds	1,381,177	1,284,631	-	2,665,808	
Municipal bonds	-	9,363,921	-	9,363,921	
Asset backed securities	-	390,736	-	390,736	
Exchange-traded funds	1,807,203	-		1,807,203	
Money market		720,473		720,473	
Total	\$ 3,188,380	<u>\$ 16,429,335</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,617,715</u>	
<u>2015</u>					
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. Government and agencies					
obligations	\$-	\$ 437,717	\$ -	\$ 437,717	
Corporate bonds	-	4,668,908	-	4,668,908	
Mutual funds	1,305,370	1,382,491	-	2,687,861	
Municipal bonds	-	7,179,375	-	7,179,375	
Asset backed securities	-	381,986	-	381,986	
Money market		513,913		513,913	
Total	\$ 1,305,370	\$ 14,564,390	<u>\$</u>	\$ 15,869,760	

The University's derivative financial instrument consists of an interest rate swap agreement, which is recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. The fair value of this derivative financial instrument was \$1,402,639 and \$1,389,881 at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and has been presented as a liability in the accompanying statements of financial position. Such derivative financial instrument is classified as Level 2, within the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 11 – <u>Fair value of financial instruments – (continued)</u>

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the University believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Note 12 - <u>Employee benefit plans</u>

Substantially all employees of the University participate in two separate retirement plans (the Plans), covering the employees of the Puerto Rico and Miami operations, respectively. Participants are allowed to make contributions to the Plans, not exceeding the maximum deferral amount specified by law. The University contributions are based on a percentage of the participants' compensation. These plans are subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Contributions to the Plans for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$405,582 and \$312,915, respectively.

Note 13 - <u>Concentrations of credit risk</u>

Approximately 95% of the University's students participate in student financial assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, ("Title IV Programs") of the USDE.

Financial instruments, which potentially expose the University to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments securities and receivables. The University's cash and cash equivalents are deposited with federally insured financial institutions. Cash balances at banks are insured for up to \$250,000. The University normally maintains bank accounts balances in excess of \$250,000, however, it has not experienced any credit losses on such balances.

The University's investment portfolio is diversified and includes high quality securities, however, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the University incurred in net unrealized losses on fair value of investments, mainly due to the downgrade of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (the Commonwealth) related debt.

Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is relatively limited because a substantial portion of these balances is due from U.S. Federal and Commonwealth government agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 14 - Commitments and contingencies

Facilities lease agreements

The University leases its administration facilities under a cancellable operating lease agreement. Rent expense under this agreement for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$148,000 and \$134,000, respectively. Also, the University leases the facilities of the Mayaguez Learning Center under an operating lease agreement expiring on December 2017. Rent expense under this agreement for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$120,000 and \$60,500, respectively, and future minimum rent payments under this agreement amount to approximately \$120,000 and \$60,000, for the years ending June 30, 2017 and 2018, respectively.

In addition, the University entered into an agreement with the Commonwealth on December 21, 2012 in which the Commonwealth ceded to the University the use of certain facilities for a period of 30 years, after which it reverts to the Commonwealth.

Operating leases

The University leases miscellaneous office equipments under operating leases. Also, the University contracts with various lessors for the maintenance of the equipments under lease. Rent and maintenance expense under the terms of such leases and agreements during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$73,000 and \$18,000, respectively.

Future minimum rentals under existing operating leases at June 30, 2016 are as follow:

June 30,	Amount
2017	\$ 73,380
2018	55,035
	\$ 128,415

Government contracts and grants

As of June 30, 2016, the University had a significant contract with the Department of Family of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (DFPR) to provide clinical services to victims of abuse and their families, among other services, which expires on September 30, 2016. The contract is a pass-through from the DFPR for funds received under the program *Promoting Safe and Stable Families* of the US Department of Health and Human Services.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 14 - <u>Commitments and contingencies – (continued)</u>

Government contracts and grants – (continued)

Also, the University participates in various federally funded programs of the USDE, including student financial assistance under Title IV Programs. The contract with the DFPR and Title IV Programs are routinely subject to financial and compliance audits in accordance with the provisions of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) or to compliance audits by the grantors and/or federal agencies. The reports on the audits of these programs, which are conducted pursuant to regulatory requirements by external auditors of the University, are required to be submitted to the USDE.

The University also participates in other state grants awarded by the Higher Educational Council of Puerto Rico (HECPR) and the Florida Department of Education Office of Student Financial Assistance (Florida DE), the uses of which are also subject to financial and compliance audits in accordance with the provisions of the audit guide for financial assistance state programs issued by the HECPR and the Instructions for Program Compliance Audits of States Student Financial Assistance Programs issued by the Florida DE, respectively. Monies received under U.S. federal and local programs are subject to regulatory requirements and can only be expended for the purposes established in the grant or programs. Federal and state agencies have the authority to determine liabilities, if any, as well as, to limit, suspend, or terminate the federal and state student financial assistance programs. No provision has been made for any liability, which may arise from such audits since the amounts, if any, cannot be determined at this date.

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

Because of the nature of the services provided under the contract with the DFPR mentioned above, the University is subject to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) provisions. HIPAA was enacted in August 1996 to assure health insurance portability, reduce healthcare fraud and abuse, guarantee security and privacy of health information and enforce standards for health information. Health care providers are required to be in compliance with HIPAA provisions and are subject to significant fines and penalties if found not to be in compliance with the provisions outlined in the regulations. The University believes to be in compliance with such provisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements - (Continued)

June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 14 - <u>Commitments and contingencies – (continued)</u>

Legal contingencies

The University is subject to legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, appropriate provisions have been made for such claims in the accompanying financial statements and the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a significant effect on the financial position or the results of operations of the University.

Luna street project

The University performed certain investigations regarding costs incurred in the renovation of a building facility located at Luna Street in San Juan, Puerto Rico. Such investigations were assigned to various consulting and legal firms. As a result of such investigation, the Board of Directors are satisfied with the findings and results obtained and have concluded that no further action is necessary regarding the Luna Street Project, that could have an impact in the financial statements.

Note 15 - <u>Reclassifications</u>

Certain reclassifications were made to the 2015 financial statements to conform them to the current year presentation.

Note 16 - <u>Subsequent events</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 7, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No events have occurred subsequent to the statement of financial position date and through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, that would require additional adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Other	Federal Expenditures			
				From Pass-		
Federal Agency/(Pass-Through Agency)	CFDA	Award	From Direct	Through	Total	
and Program Tittle	Number	Number	Awards	Awards	Expenditures	
Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster:						
U.S. Department of Education:						
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007		\$ 47,943	\$ -	\$ 47,943	
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033		222,644	-	222,644	
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		1,297,409	-	1,297,409	
Federal Direct Loan Program	84.268		33,418,135	-	33,418,135	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:						
Scholarship for Health Professions Students from Disadvantage Backgrounds	93.925		1,058,886		1,058,886	
Total Student Financial Assistance Program			36,045,017		36,045,017	
Higher Education - Institutional Aid Programs:						
U.S. Department of Education:						
Higher Education-Institutional Aid (84.031):						
Promoting Post Baccalaureate Opportunities for Hispanic Americans	84.031M		27,425	-	27,425	
Higher Education-Institutional Aid	84.031S		123,736	-	123,736	
U.S. Departmenet of Health and Human Services:						
Behavioral Health Workforce Education and Training for Professionals						
and Paraprofessionals	93.243		517,664	-	517,664	
(Pass-Through from families and Children Administration of the Department of Family						
of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556			938,135	938,135	
Total Other Programs			668,825	938,135	1,606,960	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 36,713,842	\$ 938,135	\$ 37,651,977	
See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards						

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. (the University) and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of the University, it is not intended to, and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the University. Funds received for students' financial assistance (principally Pell Grant and FFEL Loans) that are awarded directly to students for educational purposes are excluded from revenues and expenses. These grants are applied to the students' tuition and fees and any excess is paid to the students.

Note 2 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

- a. The Schedule is prepared from the University's accounting records.
- b. The financial transactions are recorded by the University in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grants, which are consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- c. Expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The University does not use the 10-percent de minims indirect cost rate, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistant (CFDA) Number

The CFDA numbers included in the Schedule are determined based on the program name, review of grant contract information and the Office of Management and Budget's Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance. CFDA numbers are presented for those programs for which such numbers were available.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 4 - Loan Program

The University participates in the Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Loans) (CFDA 84.268). Loans made through the Direct Loans program are provided by the federal government; accordingly, the disbursements under the program and the outstanding loan balances are excluded from the financial statements of the University. However, such program is considered a component of the student financial assistance program at the University. Federal expenditures for these loans are determined when loans are made to students. The balance of loans for previous years is not considered federal expenditures of the current year because the lender accounts for them. Direct Loans are made by the Secretary of Education. The Student's Aid Reports (SAR) or Institutional Student Information Record (ISIR), along with other information, is used by the University to originate a student's loan. New loans processed for students during the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$33,418,135.

PART II

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc., (the University), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2016-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.







Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

University's Response to Findings

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



The Alling of

San Juan, Puerto Rico November 7, 2016

PART III

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s compliance.





Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

FPV & GALINDEZ

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-002, 2016-003 and 2016-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Board of Trustees Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc. Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



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San Juan, Puerto Rico November 7, 2016
PART IV

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

- a) Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP: Unmodified opinion
- b) Material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting identified: A material weakness in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, and it is included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2016-001.
- c) Significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: No significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- d) Noncompliance that is material to the financial statements: None

Federal Awards

a) Any there any reportable findings under Uniform Guidance § 200.516: Yes, there are reportable findings, and such are included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2016-002 through 2016-004.

b) Major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number
Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster (Title IV):	
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007
Federal Direct Student Loan Program	84.268
Scholarship for Health Professions Students from Disadvantage	
Backgrounds	93.925
Department of Health and Human Services:	
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part I - Summary of Auditors' Results - (continued)

- c) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- d) Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under Uniform Guidance § 200.520: No.
- e) Internal control over compliance with major programs:
 - i. Material weaknesses identified? No
 - ii. Significant deficiencies identified? No
- f) Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified opinion.

<u>Part II - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements that are Required to be Reported in Accordance with</u> <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>

Internal control deficiencies

<u>Finding No. 2016-001</u>

Type of Finding

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting System Material Weakness

Questioned Cost:

None

Condition:

During the audit of cash and cash equivalents area, we noted that six (6), of a total of nineteen (19), bank statements of the University as of June 30, 2016 were not properly reconciled to the general ledger cash balance.

<u>Criteria:</u>

Accounting tasks such as monthly reconciliations play a key role in proving the accuracy of accounting data and information included in interim financial statements. Therefore, in order to provide more accurate and timely accounting information, the University should establish more effective review and reconciliation policies and procedures as a customary part of the accounting process. This would involve monthly reconciliations of all accounts, making adjustments throughout the year that have typically been made at year-end only, and performing more frequent reviews of the general ledger throughout the year, including making any necessary adjustments.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

<u>Part II - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements that are Required to be Reported in Accordance with</u> <u>Government Auditing Standards – (continued)</u>

Internal control deficiencies – (continued)

Finding No. 2016-001 – (continued)

Cause:

The differences in the reconciliation of the bank cash accounts with the general ledger exist because there is limited personnel assigned to keep updated the cash records, including performing the related reconciliation. Also, there is absence of a proper review of the reconciliations of cash.

<u>Context</u>

Of the nineteen (19) bank statements of the University as of June 30, 2016, we examined all and noted that six (6) were not properly reconciled to the general ledger.

Effects:

The condition mentioned above could result in inaccurate reporting of cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements. Also, the lack of performing these procedures weakens, and even eliminates, the prevention or timely detection of unauthorized use of the University's liquid assets.

Recommendations:

All of the bank accounts should be reconciled monthly to the general ledger and all reconciling items must be promptly investigated and adjusted with adequate explanations. Also, it is suggested that a review and approval process over the reconciliations of cash is documented by initialing the form. This practice would greatly strengthen controls over cash.

Identification of a repeat finding

This is not a repeat finding.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Please refer to the corrective action plan on pages 43-44.

Instances of Noncompliance Material to the Financial Statements

None.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

Finding No. 2016-002 Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting

Federal Program

Students Financial Assistance Programs Cluster					
CFDA 84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program				
CFDA 84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans Program				

Name of Federal Agency

U.S. Department of Education

Pass-through Entity

N/A

<u>Category</u>

Compliance/Internal Control

Compliance Requirements

Special tests and provisions - Enrollment Reporting

Condition Found

In testing compliance and internal control over compliance with Special Test and Provisions-Enrollment Reporting, we selected twenty-five (25) participants of the Federal Pell Grant Program and/or the Federal Direct Student Loans Program from the total population who withdrew, graduated, dropped-out or failed to attend to the University during the year ended in June 30, 2016.

During our test, we noted that in six (6) cases, or 24% of the sample selected, the University did not report to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) the students status changes within the time prescribed by the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), as follows:

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-002 Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting – (continued)

Condition Found - (continued)

Student	Change of Status	Date Reported	Days		Days in
ID	Date	(Web)	Elapsed	Deadline	Excess
221771	3/1/2016	5/2/2016	62	60	2
218039	1/1/2016	3/7/2016	66	60	6
217458	1/1/2016	3/7/2016	66	60	6
217918	5/2/2016	9/2/2016	123	60	63
204057	5/2/2016	9/2/2016	123	60	63
213559	1/1/2016	3/15/2016	74	60	14

<u>Criteria</u>

34 CFR 685.309 (b)(2)(ii) states that unless it expects to submit its next updated enrollment report to the Secretary within the next 60 days, a school must notify the Secretary within 30 days after the date the school discovers that; a loan under title IV of the Act was made to or on behalf of a student who was enrolled or accepted for enrollment at the school, and the student has ceased to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis or failed to enroll on at least a half-time basis for the period for which the loan was intended; or a student who is enrolled at the school and who received a loan under title IV of the Act has changed his or her permanent address.

<u>Cause</u>

The condition was mainly due to an administrative error in the monitoring of the information to be reported.

Questioned Cost

None.

<u>Context</u>

Of the 503 cases of status changed, we examined twenty-five (25) and determined that six (6) cases did not comply with the Enrollment Reporting requirements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-002 Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting – (continued)

Effect

The late enrollment reporting may be considered by the grantor as a noncompliance with the above mentioned criteria and could lead to administrative sanctions by the grantor.

Recommendation

The University must ascertain that students' documentation and other information necessary to comply with the federal funds enrollment reporting requirements are readily available and up to date, and that all personnel assigned to such processes has the necessary knowledge and experience to ensure full compliance with the applicable regulations.

Identification of a repeat finding

This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2015-001.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Please refer to the corrective action plan on pages 43-44.

Finding No. 2016-003 Special Tests and Provisions – Disbursements to or on Behalf of Students

Federal Program

Students Financial Assistance Programs ClusterCFDA 84.007Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity GrantsCFDA 84.063Federal Pell Grant ProgramCFDA 84.268Federal Direct Student Loans Program

Name of Federal Agency

U.S. Department of Education

Pass-through Entity

N/A

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-003 Special Tests and Provisions – Disbursements to or on Behalf of Students – (continued)

<u>Category</u>

Compliance/Internal Control

Compliance Requirements

Special tests and provisions - Disbursements To or On Behalf of Students

Condition Found

In testing compliance with the disbursements to or on behalf of students requirement, we selected sixty-five (65) participants of the Title IV Federal Student Financial Assistance (SFA) programs from a total population of 2,127 students who received Federal financial assistance. During our evaluation of compliance with these requirements, we noted ten (10) cases, or 15% of the sample selected, in which the University failed to notify the students for which payment was made using checks that the corresponding refund was available for pickup within 14 days from the date the University determined that the student had a SFA credit balance, as follows:

		Date of				
		payment			Max limit of	
		credited to	Date of refund	Days	days for	
Student ID	Grant	student ledger	notification	elapsed	notification	Excess
218997	PELL	8/17/2015	9/5/2015	19	14	5
218997	FSEOG	11/5/2015	11/23/2015	18	14	4
218722	FSEOG	2/2/2016	3/3/2016	30	14	16
220643	FSEOG	11/5/2015	11/23/2015	18	14	4
220107	DL	1/13/2016	2/16/2016	34	14	20
219152	DL	9/28/2015	10/15/2015	17	14	3
220775	DL	9/21/2015	10/8/2015	17	14	3
218997	DL	5/18/2016	6/6/2016	19	14	5
210354	DL	9/21/2015	10/8/2015	17	14	3
219554	DL	1/20/2016	2/4/2016	15	14	1

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

<u>Finding No. 2016-003</u> Special Tests and Provisions – Disbursements to or on Behalf of Students – (continued)

<u>Criteria</u>

34 CFR Section 668.164 (h)(2) states that: Whenever an institution disburses title IV, HEA program funds by crediting a student's account and the total amount of all title IV, HEA program funds credited exceeds the amount of tuition and fees, room and board, and other authorized charges the institution assessed the student, the institution must pay the resulting credit balance directly to the student or parent as soon as possible but:

(1) No later than 14 days after the balance occurred if the credit balance occurred after the first day of class of a payment period; or,

(2) No later than 14 days after the first day of class of a payment period if the credit balance occurred on or before the first day of class of that payment period.

34 CFR 668.164 (d)(2) states that an institution issues a check on the date that it:

- i. Mails the check to the student or parent; or
- ii. Notifies the student or parent that the check is available for immediate pick-up at a specified location at the institution.

<u>Cause</u>

The condition was caused by an administrative error.

Questioned Cost

None.

<u>Context</u>

Of the 2,127 cases of status changed, we examined sixty five (65) and determined that ten (10) cases did not comply with the notification requirements.

<u>Effect</u>

The late notification of check available for pickup may be considered by the grantor as a noncompliance with the above mentioned criteria and could lead to administrative sanctions by the grantor.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-003 Special Tests and Provisions – Disbursements to or on Behalf of Students – (continued)

Recommendation

The University must ascertain that all disbursements of credit balances to students comply with the time frame criteria for notification, especially for those students which receive checks, and that all personnel assigned to such processes has the necessary knowledge and experience to ensure full compliance with the applicable regulations.

Identification of a repeat finding

This is not a repeat finding.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Please refer to the corrective action plan on pages 43-44.

Finding No. 2016-004 Reporting

Federal Program

CFDA 93.556 Promoting Safe and Stable Families

Name of Federal Agency

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-through Entity

Families and Children Administration of the Department of Family of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico

Category

Compliance/Internal Control

Compliance Requirements

Reporting on Section 18 of the University's grant contract.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-004 Reporting – (continued)

Condition Found

As a result of a clerical error, the University:

- Incorrectly reported the expenses incurred for a three-month period instead of expenses incurred for the six-month period and, as a result, the expenses reported in the quarterly report for the six-month period ended March 31, 2016 did not match the accounting records by \$336,767.
- Sent all quarterly reports after the ten days subsequently to the end of the quarter, as required by the grant contract.

<u>Criteria</u>

According to the Uniform Guidance § 200.328, "the non-federal entity must submit performance reports at the interval required by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity to best inform improvements in program outcomes and productivity".

Also, as established in the grant contract, Section 18, the recipient shall submit to the grantor a report of expenses incurred as of the end of each quarter, ten days after the end of the quarter.

<u>Cause</u>

The condition was caused by an administrative error.

Questioned Cost

None.

Context

For the grant contract beginning on October 1, 2015, of a total of three (3) reports of total expenses incurred as of the end of each quarter, commencing with the quarter ended December 31, 2015, we examined all three (3) quarterly reports and determined that one (1) did not match the accounting records for the total expenses incurred since the beginning of the grant contract through the end of the quarter and the three (3) reports were submitted after their due date.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards - (continued)

Finding No. 2016-004 Reporting – (continued)

Effect

Information provided to the grantor and other external parties, as applicable, may not be on time and sufficiently accurate to enable them to properly monitor the use and distribution of federal funds.

Recommendation

Internal controls over the preparation of the quarterly expense reports should be strengthened to ensure the proper and timely reporting of expenses for each period. Furthermore, the timely review of the quarterly reports by a senior officer should be performed prior to submission to reduce the risk of errors in the reported balances.

Identification of a repeat finding

This is a repeat finding from the immediate prior year audit. Prior year findings were originally reported on Clínica de Salud Mental de la Comunidad, Inc. (the Clinic) reports on compliance and internal control in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and Circular OMB A-133 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Clinic, a non for profit organization and a related party, is a separate legal entity from the University and managed the grant contract until September 30, 2015. This finding was identified in the Clinic's prior year audit as finding 2015-002.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions

Please refer to the corrective action plan on pages 43-44.

PART V

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Corrective Action Plan

Corrective Action Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Finding No. 2016-001

Condition: During the audit of cash equivalents area, we noted that six (6), of a total of nineteen (19), bank statements of the University were not properly reconciled to the general ledger cash balance.

Institution Response: The institution accepts this finding. The Finance Office has instituted various measures and processes in order to address the matter. First of all, the Accounting Supervisor will be responsible for all cash reconciliations each month. A process has been developed by which by the tenth day of each month, the supervisor will be responsible for presenting all cash reconciliations, together with the report from the general ledger, and present it for review and approval to the Finance Director. Also, as part of the monthly reporting of institutional interim statements, to be submitted to the Executive Director of Finance and Administration, a certification from the Director of Finance will be required to the effects of stating that cash reconciliations and major adjustments needed to present fairly the financial condition of the university for the reported period, were part of the monthly closing process. This will serve as an additional assurance that proper procedures are followed.

Finding No. 2016-002

Condition: In testing compliance and internal control over compliance with Special Test and Provisions-Enrollment Reporting, we selected twenty-five (25) participants of Federal Pell Grant Program and/or Federal Direct Student Loan Program from the total population who withdrew, graduated, dropped-out or fail to attend to the University during the year ended in June 30, 2016.

Institutional Response: The 6 cases presented in this finding belong to students who have requested a certification of program completion, an institutional process which takes various days to complete. With these situations in mind, beginning this academic year the Registrar Office will classify students with a "W" status (withdrawal) until completion of the certification process. When the Registrar Office completes the evaluation, it will change the students' status to "G" (graduate). (This process is explained in the NSLDS Enrollment Reporting Guide). The Institution initiated and implemented a re-training program for all staff members assigned to the Enrollment Reporting Process. The training included:

- Review of the Student Enrollment Report Calendar and the dates for transmission.
- Review and training of each element within the report.
- Review of the source data for the modification and completion of each element of the report.

As part of the efforts for compliance the Institution has established a monitor calendar in which at the end of each term the students classified as "W", "G" and "A" will be audited to determine if they were correctly reported in the NSLDS.

Corrective Action Plan (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Finding No.2016-003

Condition: In testing compliance with the disbursements to or on behalf of the students requirement, we selected sixty-five (65) participants of the Title IV Federal Student Financial Assistance (SFA) programs from a total population of 2,127 students received Federal Financial Assistance. During our evaluation of compliance with these requirements, we noted ten (10) cases, or 15% of the sample selected, in which the University failed to notify the students which payment was made using checks that the corresponding refund was available for pickup with 14 days from the date the University determined that the student had a FSA credit balance.

Institutional Response: The Institution notified its students of the checks' availability at the Collection Office. However, in the 10 isolated cases in this finding, the Institution cannot substantiate a copy of the notifications to the auditor. The Institution will discuss with the officials in charge of the notification process on how to proceed and will emphasize the importance of sustaining evidence of these communications.

Finding No 2016-004

Condition: As a result of a clerical error, the University:

- Incorrectly reported the expenses incurred for a three-month period instead of expenses incurred for the six-month period and, as a result, the expenses reported in the quarterly report for the six-month period ended March 31, 2016 did not match the accounting records by \$336,767.
- Sent all quarterly reports after the ten days subsequently to the end of the quarter, as required by the grant contract.

Institutional Response: Due to an involuntary error, the worksheet used to prepare the quarterly report did not add expenses from the previous quarter to the Total Expenses column of the report each period. This was already corrected on the worksheets used to generate the information, and formulas were reviewed. From July 2016, the Institution has submitted the reports showing cumulative expenses as required. Also, as a method of strengthening internal control, the report is reviewed by the grant accountant once it is prepared by the fiscal agent to verify data included in the report and ensure proper recognition of expenses.

Also, a process was established and discussed with the grant's administrative staff in order to comply with required submittal date. Administrative staff has been instructed to submit all invoices and/or requisitions for the period by the 5th date of the end of the quarter. This will allow the grants fiscal agent to have necessary information to submit the report by the required date. The report will be reviewed and sent by the grant accountant, responsible of overseeing processes related to this grant and of making sure grant award is administered correctly. As with the previous comment, from July 2016 reports are being submitted before the 10 days established in the contract.

PART VI

Universidad Carlos Albizu, Inc.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Finding Number	Program	Fiscal Year	Noncompliance Condition:	Corrective Action	Questioned Costs	Status	Comments
2015-001	CFDA 84.063 Pell Grant Program CFDA 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loan Program	Year ended June 30, 2015	control over compliance with Special Test and Provisions- Enrollment Reporting, we selected twenty-five (25) participants of the Federal Pell Grant Program and/or the Federal Direct Student Loans Program from the total population who withdrew, graduated, dropped-out or failed to attend to the University during the year ended in June 30, 2015. During our test we noted that in eight (8) cases, or (32%) of the sample selected, the University did not report to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) the students status changes within the time prescribed by the Code of Federal	The University will change its reporting cycle to a monthly reporting cycle. This change will ensure that the university complies with the 60- day requirement set in the regulations. Also, the University will provided additional training to all staff with responsibilities over the Student Status Report to ensure the timely identification of potential instances of noncompliance in the reporting and recording process.	None.	Not Corrected.	The Institution implemented the Corrective Action Plan as described in the Prior Year Audit. However, Management identified in the process ways to improve and become more effective in processing graduation certification of our students. The existing process was not as effective as needed so the Institution modified the process of managing a student that complies with all academic requirements for graduation with a "W" in NSLDS (withdrawal) status until the student effectively complete the institutional administrative graduation process. This temporary status is alienated with the academic status of the student as an interim classification (for Title IV purpose, including DL, this status benchmark the grace period of the student for DL and create a flag in the Institution's system that will require further investigation if the student request Title IV funds). When, the student completes all administrative graduation requirement, the student is implemented also an internal monitoring process to follow up the implementation and use of the corrective action plan and has proven to be successful.
2015-002	CFDA 84.063 Pell Grant ProgramCFDA 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loan Program	Year ended June 30, 2015	of Title IV funds requirement, we selected twenty-five (25) participants of the Title IV Federal Student Financial Assistance (SFA) programs from a total population of 63 students who withdrew, dropped-out, or failed to attend to the University. During our evaluation of compliance with these requirements, we noted five (5) cases (20%) in which the University failed to return the corresponding refund with 45 days from the date the University determined that the student withdrew, dropped-out, or failed to attend to the University.	students' withdrawal dates and has proceed to retrain the staff in charge of providing and recording the dates, including faculty, to ensure that they are performing their tasks in accordance with the University's prescribed policies and procedures. Also the University verified 100% of the		Corrected.	This matter was resolved.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Finding Number	Program	Fiscal Year	Noncompliance Condition:	Corrective Action	Questioned Costs	Status	Comments
2015-003	CFDA 84.063 Pell Grant Program CFDA 84.268 Federal Direct Student Loan Program	Year ended June 30, 2015	In testing compliance with the requirements for disbursements under the Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Loans), we selected sixty-one (61) participants from a total population of 2,071 students who received Direct Loans. During our evaluation of compliance with the requirements, we noted seven (7) cases (11%) in which the University failed to properly notify the anticipated date and amount of disbursement, the student's or parent's right to cancel all or a portion of that loan, and the procedures and time by which the student or parent must notify the University that he or she wishes to cancel the loan.	The University accepts the finding and proceeded to review the related controls to ensure the required notifications are properly performed and to maintain the necessary documentation on file. Specifically, the notification process has been revised and strengthened, not limited to the notification document, but also, on the process itself.	None.	Corrected.	The matter was resolved.
2015-001*	CFDA 93.556 - Promoting Safe and Stable Families	Year ended June 30, 2015	The Organization's major federal program was not subject to the required OMB Circular A-133 audits for the year ended June 30, 2014 or for any other year before that. Such audits should have been performed by a Certified Public Accountant for each year in which the Organization's federal programs met certain criteria. In addition, for any such year, the Organization was required to complete a data collection form and submitted the applicable reporting package to the corresponding federal agencies.	During the year ended June 30, 2014 contract, and all pertinent information was provided to the predecessor auditors of the Mental Health Community Clinic, Inc. as they were performing year end audit. It was determined, as in years before that the contract did not require a OMB Circular A- 133 audit. The Institution implemented corrective action as soon as becoming aware of this matter. Also, on September 1st 2015 the grant contract was renewed with Carlos Albizu University, Inc., affiliated entity of the Institution, and was immediately included as part of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) audit and also, the required forms will be submitted to the corresponding federal agencies.		Corrected.	The matter was resolved.

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding Number	Program	Fiscal Year	Noncompliance Condition:	Corrective Action	Questioned Costs	Status	Comments
2015-002*	CFDA 93.556 - Promoting Safe and Stable Families	Year ended June 30, 2015	As a result of a clerical error, the Organizaton: Incorrectly reported the expenses incurred for a three-month period instead of expenses incurred for the six- month period and, as a result, the expenses reported in the quarterly report for the six-month period ended March 31, 2015 did not match the accounting records bv \$304,166. Sent all quarterly reports after the ten days subsequently to the end of the quarter, as required by the grant contract.	Due to an involuntary error, the worksheet used to prepare the quarterly report did not add expenses from the previous quarter to the Total Expenses column of the report each period. This was already corrected on the worksheets used to generate the information, and formulas were reviewed. From July 2016, the Institution has submitted the reports showing cumulative expenses as required. Also, as a method of strengthening internal control, the report is reviewed by the grant accountant once it is prepared by the fiscal agent to verify data included in the report and ensure proper recognition of expenses. Also a process was established and discussed with the grant's administrative staff in order to comply with required submittal date. Administrative staff has been instructed to submit all invoices and/or requisitions for the period by the 5th date of the end of the quarter. This will allow the grants fiscal agent to have necessary information to submit the report by the required date. The report will be reviewed and sent by the grant accountant, responsible of overseeing processes related to this grant and of making sure grant award is administered correctly. As with the previous comment, since July 2016 reports are being submitted before the 10 days established in the contract.	None.	Not Corrected.	A similar finding was identified during the year ended June 30, 2016. As stated in the corrective action, from July 2016, the Institution has submitted the reports showing cummulative expenses and within the due date.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

*Prior year findings were originally reported on Clínica de Salud Mental de la Comunidad, Inc. (the Clinic) reports on compliance and internal control in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and Circular OMB A-133 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Clinic, a non for profit organization and a related party, is a separate legal entity from the University and managed the grant contract until September 30, 2015.